INITIATIVE 921

I, Sam Reed, Secretary of State of the State of Washington and custodian of its seal hereby certify that, according to the records on file in my office, the attached copy of Initiative Measure No. 921 to the People is a true and correct copy as it was received by this office.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to violent sex offenses; amending RCW 9.94A.030,
- 2 9.94A.540, 9.94A.570, 9.94A.650, 9.94A.660, 9.94A.700, 9.94A.710,
- 3 9.94A.712, 9.94A.800, and 9A.76.115; and prescribing penalties.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.94A.030 and 2003 c 53 s 55 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
 - Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 9 (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created 10 under chapter 9.95 RCW.
- 11 (2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or 12 "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department, 13 means that the department, either directly or through a collection
- 14 agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring
- 15 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal
- 16 financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and,
- 17 consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the
- 18 superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.
- 19 (3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

(4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.

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- (5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.505(2)(b), 9.94A.650 through 9.94A.670, 9.94A.690, 9.94A.700 through 9.94A.715, or 9.94A.545, served in the community subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities by the department. For offenders placed on community custody for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000, the department shall assess the offender's risk of reoffense and may establish and modify conditions of community custody, in addition to those imposed by the court, based upon the risk to community safety.
 - (6) "Community custody range" means the minimum and maximum period of community custody included as part of a sentence under RCW 9.94A.715, as established by the commission or the legislature under RCW 9.94A.850, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000.
 - (7) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.
 - (8) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender.
 - (9) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. Where the court finds that any offender has a chemical dependency that has contributed to his or her offense, the conditions of supervision may, subject to available resources, include treatment. For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states.
 - (10) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.

(11) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

- (12) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.
- (13) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere.
- (a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.
- (b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon.
- (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains part of the defendant's criminal history.
- (14) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.
- (15) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing court.
 - (16) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- (17) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the

- number of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.
- (18) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an 6 7 offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any 8 amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 9 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or 10 11 otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the 12 payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically 13 14 includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, 15 or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made 16 under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, 17 or Title 74 RCW.
- 18 (19) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing option 19 available to persons convicted of a felony offense other than a violent 20 offense or a sex offense and who are eligible for the option under RCW 21 9.94A.660.
 - (20) "Drug offense" means:

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- (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a controlled substance; or
- (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 32 (21) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as 33 provided in RCW 9.94A.728.
 - (22) "Escape" means:
- 35 (a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in the 36 first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 37 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), 38 willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful

- failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
 - (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.
 - (23) "Felony traffic offense" means:

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- 7 (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 8 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-9 and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or
- 10 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 11 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony 12 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 13 (24) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing 14 court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specific period of 15 time.
 - (25) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.
 - (26) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance.
 - (27) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, subject to RCW 38.52.430.
- 36 (28) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or 37 a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:

- 1 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;
 - (b) Assault in the second degree;
 - (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 6 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- 7 (e) Controlled substance homicide;
- 8 (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 9 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
- 10 (h) Indecent liberties;

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- 11 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 12 (j) Leading organized crime;
- 13 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 14 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 15 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
- 16 (n) Rape in the third degree;
- 17 (o) Robbery in the second degree;
- 18 (p) Sexual exploitation;
 - (q) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless manner;
 - (r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
 - (s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation;
- 29 (t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 30 9.94A.602;
- (u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection;
- 36 (v)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW
 37 9A.88.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess.
 38 as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as

- 1 it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1)
- 2 (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;
- 3 (ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW
- 4 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988,
- 5 if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of
- 6 fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is
- 7 included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW
- 8 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997,
- 9 or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993,
- 10 through July 27, 1997.

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- 11 (29) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent 12 offense.
- (30) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.
 - (31) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention.
 - (32) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:
 - (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a most serious offense; and
 - (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or

(b)(i) Has been convicted of: (A) (Rape in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B)) Any of the following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, ((kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree,)) assault of a child in the first degree, or burglary in the first degree; or ((C)) (B) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (32)(b)(i); and

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- (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or offense under prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. ((A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. A conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was eighteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense)); or
 - (c) Has been convicted of a violent sex offense.
- (33) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's community placement that is not community custody.
- (34) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs.
- (35) "Risk assessment" means the application of an objective instrument supported by research and adopted by the department for the purpose of assessing an offender's risk of reoffense, taking into consideration the nature of the harm done by the offender, place and circumstances of the offender related to risk, the offender's relationship to any victim, and any information provided to the department by victims. The results of a risk assessment shall not be based on unconfirmed or unconfirmable allegations.
 - (36) "Serious traffic offense" means:

- 1 (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
 - (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 9 (37) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense 10 and means:
 - (a)(i) Murder in the first degree;
- 12 (ii) Homicide by abuse;

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- 13 (iii) Murder in the second degree;
- 14 (iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 15 (v) Assault in the first degree;
- 16 (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree;
- 17 (vii) Rape in the first degree;
- 18 (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or
- 19 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 20 commit one of these felonies; or
- 21 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 22 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious 23 violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
 - (38) "Sex offense" means:
- 25 (a)(i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other than 26 RCW 9A.44.130(11);
- 27 (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;
- 28 (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other than 29 RCW 9.68A.070 or 9.68A.080; or
- 30 (iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, 31 criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;
- 32 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior 33 to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a sex 34 offense in (a) of this subsection;
- 35 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 36 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or
- 37 (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 38 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 39 offense under (a) of this subsection.

- 1 (39) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 2 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 3 sexual gratification.
 - (40) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
 - (41) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute defining the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for a crime.
 - (42) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
 - (43) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.
 - (44) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.
 - (45) "Violent offense" means:

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- (a) Any of the following felonies:
- 25 (i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 26 attempt to commit a class A felony;
- 27 (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a 28 class A felony;
- 29 (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 30 (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 31 (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;
- 32 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 33 (vii) Arson in the second degree;
- (viii) Assault in the second degree;
- 35 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 36 (x) Extortion in the first degree;
- 37 (xi) Robbery in the second degree;
- 38 (xii) Drive-by shooting;

1 (xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving 2 of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating 3 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a 4 reckless manner; and

(xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

- (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and
- (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
 - (46) "Violent sex offense" means:
- 16 <u>(a) Any of the following felonies:</u>
- 17 <u>(i) Rape in the first degree;</u>

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- 18 <u>(ii) Rape in the second degree;</u>
- 19 <u>(iii) Rape of a child in the first degree;</u>
- 20 <u>(iv) Rape of a child in the second degree;</u>
- 21 (v) Child molestation in the first degree;
- (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree; and
- 23 (vii) Indecent liberties by forcible compulsion;
- (b) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit a crime listed in (a) of this subsection;
 - (c) Any conviction for a felony in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent sex offense in (a) or (b) of this subsection; and
- 30 (d) Any felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW
 31 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or any federal or out-of-state conviction for
 32 an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony
 33 classified as a violent sex offense under (a) or (b) of this
 34 subsection.
 - (47) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community that complies with RCW 9.94A.725.
- $((\frac{47}{}))$ $(\frac{48}{})$ "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and

- 1 lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a
- 2 comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences,
- 3 character-building work ethics training, life management skills
- development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy 4
- 5 training, and basic adult education.
- 6 (((48))) (49) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement
- 7 available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a
- 8 regular course of study at school.

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- 9 Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.540 and 2005 c 437 s 2 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
 - (1) Except to the extent provided in subsection (3) of this section, the following minimum terms of total confinement are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified under RCW 9.94A.535:
- 14 (a) An offender convicted of the crime of murder in the first 15 degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years.
 - (b) An offender convicted of the crime of assault in the first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years.
 - (c) An offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of ((total confinement not less than five years)) life in prison without the possibility of parole.
 - (d) An offender convicted of the crime of sexually violent predator escape shall be sentenced to a ((minimum)) term of ((total confinement not less than sixty months)) life in prison without the possibility of parole.
 - (2) During such minimum terms of total confinement, no offender subject to the provisions of this section is eligible for community custody, earned release time, furlough, home detention, partial confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early release authorized under RCW 9.94A.728, or any other form of authorized leave of absence from the correctional facility while not in the direct custody of a corrections officer. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply: (a) In the case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment; or (b) ((for the purpose of commitment to an
 - inpatient treatment facility in the case of an offender convicted of

- the crime of rape in the first degree; or (c))) for an extraordinary medical placement when authorized under RCW 9.94A.728(4).
- 3 (3)(a) Subsection (1) of this section shall not be applied in 4 sentencing of juveniles tried as adults pursuant to RCW 5 13.04.030(1)(e)(i).
- 6 (b) This subsection (3) applies only to crimes committed on or after July 24, 2005.
- 8 Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.570 and 2000 c 28 s 6 are each amended to read 9 as follows:

10 Notwithstanding the statutory maximum sentence or any other 11 provision of this chapter, a persistent offender shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement for life without the possibility of release 12 13 or, when authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder 14 in the first degree, sentenced to death. In addition, no offender 15 subject to this section may be eligible for community custody, earned 16 release time, furlough, home detention, partial confinement, work crew, 17 work release, or any other form of release as defined under RCW 18 9.94A.728 (1), (2), (3), (4), (6), (8), or (9), or any other form of 19 authorized leave from a correctional facility while not in the direct 20 custody of a corrections officer or officers, except((: (1))) in the 21 case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment((+ or (2) 22 for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the 23 case of an offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first 24 degree)).

25 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.94A.650 and 2002 c 175 s 9 are each amended to read 26 as follows:

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- (1) This section applies to offenders who have never been previously convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, or another state, and who have never participated in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony, and who are convicted of a felony that is not:
- 32 (a) Classified as a violent offense ((or a)), sex offense, or violent sex offense under this chapter;
 - (b) Manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or flunitrazepam classified in Schedule IV;

(c) Manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to deliver a methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers as defined in RCW 69.50.206(d)(2); or

- (d) The selling for profit of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in Schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marihuana.
- (2) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the imposition of a sentence within the standard sentence range and impose a sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. The sentence may also include a term of community supervision or community custody as specified in subsection (3) of this section, which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:
 - (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to the period specified in subsection (3) of this section, or inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense;
- (c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational training;
- (d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
 - (e) Report as directed to a community corrections officer; or
- (f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community restitution work.
- (3) The terms and statuses applicable to sentences under subsection(2) of this section are:
- (a) For sentences imposed on or after July 25, 1999, for crimes committed before July 1, 2000, up to one year of community supervision. If treatment is ordered, the period of community supervision may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years; and
- (b) For crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000, up to one year of community custody unless treatment is ordered, in which case the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years. Any term of community custody imposed

under this section is subject to conditions and sanctions as authorized in this section and in RCW 9.94A.715 (2) and (3).

(4) The department shall discharge from community supervision any offender sentenced under this section before July 25, 1999, who has served at least one year of community supervision and has completed any treatment ordered by the court.

- **Sec. 5.** RCW 9.94A.660 and 2005 c 460 s 1 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
 - (1) An offender is eligible for the special drug offender sentencing alternative if:
 - (a) The offender is convicted of a felony that is not a violent offense ((or)), sex offense, or violent sex offense and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4);
 - (b) The offender has no current or prior convictions for a sex offense at any time or violent offense within ten years before conviction of the current offense, in this state, another state, or the United States;
 - (c) For a violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act under chapter 69.50 RCW or a criminal solicitation to commit such a violation under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the offense involved only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance;
 - (d) The offender has not been found by the United States attorney general to be subject to a deportation detainer or order and does not become subject to a deportation order during the period of the sentence;
 - (e) The standard sentence range for the current offense is greater than one year; and
 - (f) The offender has not received a drug offender sentencing alternative more than once in the prior ten years before the current offense.
 - (2) A motion for a sentence under this section may be made by the court, the offender, or the state. If the sentencing court determines that the offender is eligible for this alternative, the court may order an examination of the offender. The examination shall, at a minimum, address the following issues:
 - (a) Whether the offender suffers from drug addiction;

- 1 (b) Whether the addiction is such that there is a probability that 2 criminal behavior will occur in the future;
 - (c) Whether effective treatment for the offender's addiction is available from a provider that has been licensed or certified by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services; and
 - (d) Whether the offender and the community will benefit from the use of the alternative.
 - (3) The examination report must contain:

- 10 (a) Information on the issues required to be addressed in 11 subsection (2) of this section; and
 - (b) A proposed treatment plan that must, at a minimum, contain:
 - (i) A proposed treatment provider that has been licensed or certified by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services;
 - (ii) The recommended frequency and length of treatment, including both residential chemical dependency treatment and treatment in the community;
 - (iii) A proposed monitoring plan, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members and others; and
 - (iv) Recommended crime-related prohibitions and affirmative conditions.
 - (4) After receipt of the examination report, if the court determines that a sentence under this section is appropriate, the court shall waive imposition of a sentence within the standard sentence range and impose a sentence consisting of either a prison-based alternative under subsection (5) of this section or a residential chemical dependency treatment-based alternative under subsection (6) of this section. The residential chemical dependency treatment-based alternative is only available if the midpoint of the standard range is twenty-four months or less.
 - (5) The prison-based alternative shall include:
 - (a) A period of total confinement in a state facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard sentence range. During incarceration in the state facility, offenders sentenced under this subsection shall undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and receive, within available resources, treatment services appropriate for the offender.

substance abuse of the department of social and health services, in cooperation with the department of corrections;

- (b) The remainder of the midpoint of the standard range as a term of community custody which must include appropriate substance abuse treatment in a program that has been approved by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services. If the department finds that conditions have been willfully violated, the offender may be reclassified to serve the remaining balance of the original sentence. An offender who fails to complete the program or who is administratively terminated from the program shall be reclassified to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence as ordered by the sentencing court;
- (c) Crime-related prohibitions including a condition not to use illegal controlled substances;
 - (d) A requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to monitor that status; and
 - (e) A term of community custody pursuant to RCW 9.94A.715 to be imposed upon failure to complete or administrative termination from the special drug offender sentencing alternative program.
 - (6) The residential chemical dependency treatment-based alternative shall include:
- (a) A term of community custody equal to one-half of the midpoint of the standard sentence range or two years, whichever is greater, conditioned on the offender entering and remaining in residential chemical dependency treatment certified under chapter 70.96A RCW for a period set by the court between three and six months. If the court imposes a term of community custody, the department shall, within available resources, make chemical dependency assessment and treatment services available to the offender during the term of community custody. The court shall impose, as conditions of community custody, treatment and other conditions as proposed in the plan under subsection (3)(b) of this section. The department may impose conditions and sanctions as authorized in RCW 9.94A.715 (2), (3), (6), and (7), 9.94A.737, and 9.94A.740. The court shall schedule a progress hearing during the period of residential chemical dependency treatment, and schedule a treatment termination hearing for three months before the expiration of the term of community custody;
 - (b) Before the progress hearing and treatment termination hearing, the treatment provider and the department shall submit written reports

to the court and parties regarding the offender's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination from treatment. At the hearing, the court may:

- (i) Authorize the department to terminate the offender's community custody status on the expiration date determined under (a) of this subsection; or
- (ii) Continue the hearing to a date before the expiration date of community custody, with or without modifying the conditions of community custody; or
- (iii) Impose a term of total confinement equal to one-half the midpoint of the standard sentence range, followed by a term of community custody under RCW 9.94A.715;
- (c) If the court imposes a term of total confinement under (b)(iii) of this subsection, the department shall, within available resources, make chemical dependency assessment and treatment services available to the offender during the terms of total confinement and community custody.
- (7) If the court imposes a sentence under this section, the court may prohibit the offender from using alcohol or controlled substances and may require that the monitoring for controlled substances be conducted by the department or by a treatment alternatives to street crime program or a comparable court or agency-referred program. The offender may be required to pay thirty dollars per month while on community custody to offset the cost of monitoring. In addition, the court may impose any of the following conditions:
 - (a) Devote time to a specific employment or training;
- (b) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer before any change in the offender's address or employment;
 - (c) Report as directed to a community corrections officer;
 - (d) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations;
 - (e) Perform community restitution work;
 - (f) Stay out of areas designated by the sentencing court;
- (g) Such other conditions as the court may require such as affirmative conditions.
- (8)(a) The court may bring any offender sentenced under this section back into court at any time on its own initiative to evaluate the offender's progress in treatment or to determine if any violations of the conditions of the sentence have occurred.

1 (b) If the offender is brought back to court, the court may modify 2 the terms of the community custody or impose sanctions under (c) of 3 this subsection.

- (c) The court may order the offender to serve a term of total confinement within the standard range of the offender's current offense at any time during the period of community custody if the offender violates the conditions of the sentence or if the offender is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment.
- (d) An offender ordered to serve a term of total confinement under(c) of this subsection shall receive credit for any time previously served under this section.
- (9) If an offender sentenced to the prison-based alternative under subsection (5) of this section is found by the United States attorney general to be subject to a deportation order, a hearing shall be held by the department unless waived by the offender, and, if the department finds that the offender is subject to a valid deportation order, the department may administratively terminate the offender from the program and reclassify the offender to serve the remaining balance of the original sentence.
- (10) An offender sentenced under this section shall be subject to all rules relating to earned release time with respect to any period served in total confinement.
- (11) Costs of examinations and preparing treatment plans under subsections (2) and (3) of this section may be paid, at the option of the county, from funds provided to the county from the criminal justice treatment account under RCW 70.96A.350.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 9.94A.700 and 2003 c 379 s 4 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

When a court sentences an offender to a term of total confinement in the custody of the department for any of the offenses specified in this section other than a violent sex offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to a term of community placement as provided in this section. Except as provided in RCW 9.94A.501, the department shall supervise any sentence of community placement imposed under this section.

(1) The court shall order a one-year term of community placement for the following:

- 1 (a) A sex offense or a serious violent offense committed after July
- 2 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990; or

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- 3 (b) An offense committed on or after July 1, 1988, but before July 4 25, 1999, that is:
 - (i) Assault in the second degree;
- 6 (ii) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 7 (iii) A crime against persons where it is determined in accordance 8 with RCW 9.94A.602 that the offender or an accomplice was armed with a 9 deadly weapon at the time of commission; or
- 10 (iv) A felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.660.
 - (2) The court shall sentence the offender to a term of community placement of two years or up to the period of earned release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.728, whichever is longer, for:
- 15 (a) An offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after 16 July 1, 1990, but before June 6, 1996, including those sex offenses 17 also included in other offense categories;
 - (b) A serious violent offense other than a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before July 1, 2000; or
 - (c) A vehicular homicide or vehicular assault committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before July 1, 2000.
 - (3) The community placement ordered under this section shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release. When the court sentences an offender to the statutory maximum sentence then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody to which the offender may become eligible. Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence.
 - (4) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of any community placement imposed under this section shall include the following conditions:
 - (a) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
 - (b) The offender shall work at department-approved education, employment, or community restitution, or any combination thereof;
- 37 (c) The offender shall not possess or consume controlled substances 38 except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;

1 (d) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the 2 department; and

- (e) The residence location and living arrangements shall be subject to the prior approval of the department during the period of community placement.
- (5) As a part of any terms of community placement imposed under this section, the court may also order one or more of the following special conditions:
- (a) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified geographical boundary;
 - (b) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
- (c) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or counseling services;
 - (d) The offender shall not consume alcohol; or
 - (e) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions.
 - (6) An offender convicted of a felony sex offense against a minor victim after June 6, 1996, shall comply with any terms and conditions of community placement imposed by the department relating to contact between the sex offender and a minor victim or a child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim.
- (7) Prior to or during community placement, upon recommendation of the department, the sentencing court may remove or modify any conditions of community placement so as not to be more restrictive.
 - Sec. 7. RCW 9.94A.710 and 2000 c 28 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the department for an offense categorized as a sex offense other than a violent sex offense, including those sex offenses also included in other offense categories, committed on or after June 6, 1996, and before July 1, 2000, the court shall, in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody for three years or up to the period of earned release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.728, whichever is longer. The community custody shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release.
 - (2) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community custody imposed under this section shall be the same as those

- provided for in RCW 9.94A.700(4) and may include those provided for in RCW 9.94A.700(5). As part of any sentence that includes a term of community custody imposed under this section, the court shall also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department under RCW 9.94A.720.
- 6 (3) At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender's term of 7 community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be 8 enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or 9 all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in 10 11 chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term 12 of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under 13 this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender's term of 14 community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for 15 the purposes of RCW 9.94A.631 and may be punishable as contempt of 16 court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040.
- 17 **Sec. 8.** RCW 9.94A.712 and 2004 c 176 s 3 are each amended to read 18 as follows:
- 19 (1) An offender who is not a persistent offender shall be sentenced 20 under this section if the offender:
 - (a) Is convicted of:

- (i) ((Rape in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion;
- (ii)) Any of the following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, ((kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree,)) assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or burglary in the first degree; or
- (((iii))) (ii) An attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (1)(a);
- 34 committed on or after September 1, 2001; or
- 35 (b) Has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 36 9.94A.030(32)(b), and is convicted of any sex offense which was 37 committed after September 1, 2001.

For purposes of this subsection (1)(b), failure to register is not a sex offense.

- (2) An offender convicted of rape of a child in the first or second degree or child molestation in the first degree who was seventeen years of age or younger at the time of the offense shall not be sentenced under this section.
- (3) Upon a finding that the offender is subject to sentencing under this section, the court shall impose a sentence to a maximum term consisting of the statutory maximum sentence for the offense and a minimum term either within the standard sentence range for the offense, or outside the standard sentence range pursuant to RCW 9.94A.535, if the offender is otherwise eligible for such a sentence.
- (4) A person sentenced under subsection (3) of this section shall serve the sentence in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under contract, by the state.
- (5) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the department under this section, the court shall, in addition to the other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody under the supervision of the department and the authority of the board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence.
- (6)(a) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the conditions of community custody shall include those provided for in RCW 9.94A.700(4). The conditions may also include those provided for in RCW 9.94A.700(5). The court may also order the offender to participate in rehabilitative programs or otherwise perform affirmative conduct reasonably related to the circumstances of the offense, the offender's risk of reoffending, or the safety of the community, and the department and the board shall enforce such conditions pursuant to RCW 9.94A.713, 9.95.425, and 9.95.430.
- 31 (b) As part of any sentence under this section, the court shall 32 also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the 33 board under RCW 9.94A.713 and 9.95.420 through 9.95.435.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 9.94A.800 and 2000 c 28 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 (1) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after 37 July 1, 1987, and on or before July 1, 1990, and is sentenced to a term 38 of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the

sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department.

Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050 or a violent sex offense, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his or her term of confinement, the department may request the court to convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

- (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (b) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- (c) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
 - (d) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

If the offender violates any of the terms of his or her community supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of his or her community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the department.

Nothing in this subsection shall confer eligibility for such programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987.

- (2) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an evaluation by the department to determine whether they are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to available funds.
- Sec. 10. RCW 9A.76.115 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 360 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) A person is guilty of sexually violent predator escape if:

(a) Having been found to be a sexually violent predator and confined to the special commitment center or another secure facility under court order, the person escapes from the secure facility;

- (b) Having been found to be a sexually violent predator and being under an order of conditional release, the person leaves or remains absent from the state of Washington without prior court authorization; or
- (c) Having been found to be a sexually violent predator and being under an order of conditional release, the person: (i) Without authorization, leaves or remains absent from his or her residence, place of employment, educational institution, or authorized outing; (ii) tampers with his or her electronic monitoring device or removes it without authorization; or (iii) escapes from his or her escort.
- (2) Sexually violent predator escape is a class A felony ((with a minimum sentence of sixty months,)) and shall be sentenced ((under RCW 9.94A.712)) to a term of life in prison without the possibility of parole.

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